

Chronic Health Conditions - Diabetes

Ever told by a doctor, nurse or other health professional you have diabetes:

- Eleven percent of Pennsylvania adults indicated in 2014 that they were ever told they have diabetes.
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 had a significantly lower percentage (1 percent, CI: 1-3) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (15 percent, CI: 13-16) and adults age 65 and older (23 percent, CI: 21-25).
- Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 (15 percent, CI: 13-16) and adults age 65 and older (23 percent, CI: 21-25).
- Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (15 percent, CI: 13-16) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older (23 percent, CI: 21-25).
- Pennsylvania adults with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (18 percent, CI: 15-22) and adults with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 12-15).
- Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 5-7) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (18 percent, CI: 15-22), adults with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 12-15) and adults with some college education (10 percent, CI: 9-11).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (13 percent, CI: 11-14) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (20 percent, CI: 16-23) and adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 7-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (20 percent, CI: 16-23) and adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (17 percent, CI: 15-19).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (6 percent, CI: 5-7) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (20 percent, CI: 16-23), adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (17 percent, CI: 15-19) and adults with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (13 percent, CI: 11-14).

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Figure 9A: Diabetes Prevalence per 1,000 Pennsylvania Population, Pennsylvania Adults, 2011-2014

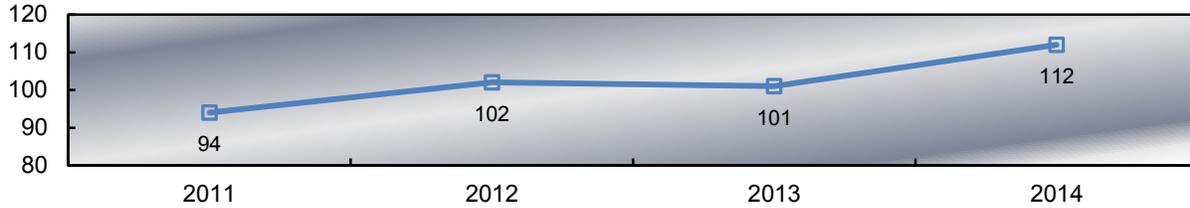


Table 9: Diabetes, Pennsylvania Adults, 2014 (with 95% Confidence Intervals)

	Ever Told They Have Diabetes*	
	%	CI
All adults	11	11-12
Gender:		
Male	12	11-13
Female	11	10-12
Age:		
18-29	1	1-3
30-44	4	3-5
45-64	15	13-16
65+	23	21-25
Education:		
<High school	18	15-22
High school	14	12-15
Some college	10	9-11
College degree	6	5-7
Household income:		
<\$15,000	20	16-23
\$15,000 to \$24,999	17	15-19
\$25,000 to \$49,999	13	11-14
\$50,000 to \$74,999	9	7-11
\$75,000+	6	5-7
Race:		
White, non-Hispanic	11	10-12
Black, non-Hispanic	15	12-18
Hispanic	11	8-17

*Excludes missing, don't know and refused
 Note: When comparing demographic estimates, confidence intervals that do not overlap indicate a significant difference.

Figure 9B: Ever Told They Have Diabetes, Pennsylvania Health Districts, 2014

