

Health Care Access

Age 18-64: Do you have health care coverage?

- Thirteen percent of Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 responded “no” in 2014.

The following bullets describe the percentages of respondents who indicated they had no health care coverage:

- Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 8-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (17 percent, CI: 14-20) and adults age 30-44 (14 percent, CI: 12-17).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a high school education had a significantly lower percentage (14 percent, CI: 12-17) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 26-39).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 26-39).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (5 percent, CI: 4-6) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with less than a high school education (32 percent, CI: 26-39), adults age 18-64 with a high school education (14 percent, CI: 12-17) and adults age 18-64 with some college education (10 percent, CI: 9-12).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (15 percent, CI: 13-19) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (26 percent, CI: 22-30).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 6-11) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of less than \$15,000 (24 percent, CI: 19-29), adults age 15-64 with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (26 percent, CI: 22-30) and adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (15 percent, CI: 13-19).
- Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-64 with a household income of less than \$15,000 (24 percent, CI: 19-29), adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (26 percent, CI: 22-30), adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (15 percent, CI: 13-19) and adults age 18-64 with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 (8 percent, CI: 6-11).
- Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults age 18-64 had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults age 18-64 (18 percent, CI: 14-23) and Hispanic adults age 18-64 (27 percent, CI: 20-36).
- Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults age 18-64 had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 14-23) compared to Pennsylvania Hispanic adults age 18-64 (27 percent, CI: 20-36).

Those without someone they consider a personal doctor or health care provider:

- Fifteen percent of Pennsylvania adults responded in 2014 that they do not have someone that they consider to be a personal doctor or health care provider.
- Pennsylvania women had a significantly lower percentage (11 percent, CI: 10-13) compared to Pennsylvania men (19 percent, CI: 17-21).
- Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 had a significantly lower percentage (21 percent, CI: 19-24) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (33 percent, CI: 29-37).
- Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 8-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (33 percent, CI: 29-37) and adults age 30-44 (21 percent, CI: 19-24).
- Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 3-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (33 percent, CI: 29-37), adults age 30-44 (21 percent, CI: 19-24) and adults age 45-64 (9 percent, CI: 8-10).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (15 percent, CI: 12-17) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (23 percent, CI: 19-27).

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Those without someone they consider a personal doctor or health care provider: (continued)

- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (15 percent, CI: 12-18) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (23 percent, CI: 19-27).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (10 percent, CI: 9-12) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (23 percent, CI: 19-27) and adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (19 percent, CI: 16-23).
- Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-13) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (18 percent, CI: 15-22) and Hispanic adults (36 percent, CI: 28-45).
- Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (18 percent, CI: 15-22) compared to Pennsylvania Hispanic adults (36 percent, CI: 28-45).

Those who needed to see a doctor in past year but could not because of the cost:

- Twelve percent of Pennsylvania adults indicated in 2014 that they needed to see a doctor in the past year but could not because of cost.
- Pennsylvania adults age 45-64 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-13) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-20).
- Pennsylvania adults age 65 and older had a significantly lower percentage (3 percent, CI: 2-4) compared to Pennsylvania adults age 18-29 (16 percent, CI: 13-19), adults age 30-44 (17 percent, CI: 15-20) and adults age 45-64 (12 percent, CI: 11-13).
- Pennsylvania adults with a high school education had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-14) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (20 percent, CI: 15-25).
- Pennsylvania adults with some college education had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 11-14) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (20 percent, CI: 15-25).
- Pennsylvania adults with a college degree had a significantly lower percentage (7 percent, CI: 6-8) compared to Pennsylvania adults with less than a high school education (20 percent, CI: 15-25), adults with a high school education (12 percent, CI: 11-14) and adults with some college education (12 percent, CI: 11-14).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 had a significantly lower percentage (12 percent, CI: 10-15) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 22-31) and adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (23 percent, CI: 20-27).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 had a significantly lower percentage (8 percent, CI: 6-10) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 22-31) and adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (23 percent, CI: 20-27).
- Pennsylvania adults with a household income of \$75,000 or more had a significantly lower percentage (4 percent, CI: 3-5) compared to Pennsylvania adults with a household income of less than \$15,000 (26 percent, CI: 22-31), adults with a household income of \$15,000 to \$24,999 (23 percent, CI: 20-27), adults with a household income of \$25,000 to \$49,999 (12 percent, CI: 10-15) and adults with a household income of \$50,000 to \$74,999 (8 percent, CI: 6-10).
- Pennsylvania white, non-Hispanic adults had a significantly lower percentage (9 percent, CI: 9-10) compared to Pennsylvania black, non-Hispanic adults (19 percent, CI: 16-24) and Hispanic adults (25 percent, CI: 18-32).

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Figure 2A: No Health Insurance Prevalence per 1,000 Pennsylvania Population, Pennsylvania Adults, Age 18-64, 2011-2014

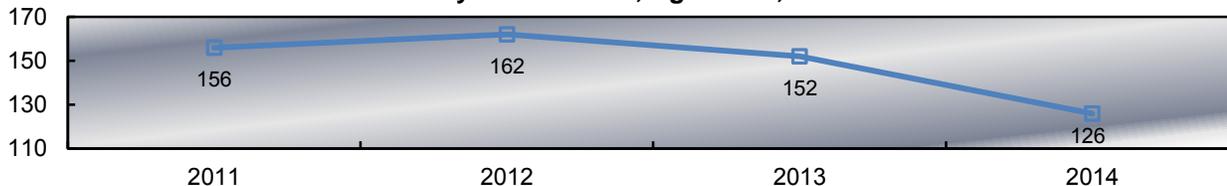


Table 2: Health Care Access, Pennsylvania Adults, 2014 (with 95% Confidence Intervals)

	No Health Insurance Age 18-64*		Does Not Have a Personal Healthcare Provider*		Couldn't Receive Care in Past Year Due to Cost*	
	%	CI	%	CI	%	CI
All adults	13	11-14	15	14-16	12	11-13
Gender:						
Male	14	12-15	19	17-21	10	9-12
Female	12	10-14	11	10-13	13	12-15
Age:						
18-29	17	14-20	33	29-37	16	13-19
30-44	14	12-17	21	19-24	17	15-20
45-64	9	8-10	9	8-10	12	11-13
65+	NSR	NSR	3	3-4	3	2-4
Education:						
<High school	32	26-39	20	15-25	20	15-25
High school	14	12-17	14	13-16	12	11-14
Some college	10	9-12	16	14-18	12	11-14
College degree	5	4-6	14	12-16	7	6-8
Household income:						
<\$15,000	24	19-29	23	19-27	26	22-31
\$15,000 to \$24,999	26	22-30	19	16-23	23	20-27
\$25,000 to \$49,999	15	13-19	15	12-17	12	10-15
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8	6-11	15	12-18	8	6-10
\$75,000+	3	2-4	10	9-12	4	3-5
Race:						
White, non-Hispanic	10	9-12	12	11-13	9	9-10
Black, non-Hispanic	18	14-23	18	15-22	19	16-24
Hispanic	27	20-36	36	28-45	25	18-32

*Excludes missing, don't know and refused

Note: When comparing demographic estimates, confidence intervals that do not overlap indicate a significant difference.

Note: If "NSR" is displayed, then the total response is less than 50 and/or the percentage prevalence is considered "not statistically reliable."

Figure 2B: No Health Insurance, Age 18-64, Pennsylvania Health Districts, 2014

